# Practice Book 0 

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## Contents

## Unit I•All About Us

We Are Special<br>Pam and Sam

Phonics: Short $a$ ..... 1
Words to Know ..... 2
Comprehension: Character Chart ..... 3
Comprehension: Character ..... 4
Structural Analysis: Inflectional Ending: $s$, Short $a$. ..... 5
Fluency ..... 6
Text Feature: Photographs ..... 7
Phonics: Short $a$ ..... 8
Ready, Set, Move! Phonics: Short $a$ ..... 9
I Can! Can You? Words to Know ..... 10
Comprehension: Sequence Chart ..... 11
Comprehension: Sequence ..... 12
Structural Analysis: Inflectional Ending: $s$, Short $a$. ..... 13
Fluency ..... 14
Text Feature: Labels ..... 15
Phonics: Short $a$ ..... 16
Growing Up Phonics: Short $i$ ..... 17
Words to Know ..... 18
Comprehension: Sequence Chart ..... 19
Comprehension: Sequence ..... 20
Structural Analysis: Double Final Consonants ..... 21
Fluency ..... 22
Study Skill: Parts of a Book ..... 23
Phonics: Short $i$ ..... 24
Pets Phonics: $r$ Blends ..... 25
Words to Know ..... 26
Comprehension: Setting Chart. ..... 27
Comprehension: Character and Setting ..... 28
Structural Analysis: Possessives: 's. ..... 29
Fluency ..... 30
Text Feature: List. ..... 31
Phonics: rBlends ..... 32
Teamwork Phonics: Final Blends: nd, st, nt, nk ..... 33
Words to Know ..... 34
Comprehension: Author's Purpose Chart ..... 35
Comprehension: Author's Purpose ..... 36
Structural Analysis: CVCC Words ..... 37
Fluency ..... 38
Literary Element: Rhyme ..... 39
Phonics: Final Blends: $n d, s t, n t, n k$ ..... 40
Review: Words to Know ..... 41
Review: Words to Know ..... 42How You GrewPet Tricks

## Unit 2 • Outside My Door

Animal Families Phonics: Short o ..... 43Animal Moms and Dads
Words to Know ..... 44
Comprehension: Main Idea and Details Web ..... 45
Comprehension: Main Ideas and Details ..... 46
Structural Analysis: Inflectional Ending: -ed ..... 47
Fluency ..... 48
Literary Element: Rhythmic Patterns ..... 49
Phonics: Short $o, a$ ..... 50
Helping Out Phonics: Short e ..... 51Little Red Hen
Words to Know ..... 52
Comprehension: Retelling Chart ..... 53
Comprehension: Retell ..... 54
Structural Analysis: Contractions: n't ..... 55
Fluency ..... 56
Text Feature: Diagram ..... 57
Phonics: Short e, o ..... 58
Where Animals Live Phonics: Digraphs: sh, th ..... 59
A Prairie Dog Home Words to Know ..... 60
Comprehension: Main Idea and Details Web ..... 61
Comprehension: Main Idea and Details ..... 62
Structural Analysis: Inflectional Ending: -ing ..... 63
Fluency ..... 64
Study Skill: Dictionary ..... 65
Phonics: Digraphs: sh, th; Short e, o ..... 66
Sing and Dance Phonics: Short $u$ ..... 67The Fun Kids' Band
Words to Know ..... 68
Comprehension: Retelling Chart ..... 69
Comprehension: Retell ..... 70
Structural Analysis: Contractions: 's ..... 71
Fluency ..... 72
Text Feature: Directions ..... 73
Phonics: Short Vowels ..... 74
Let's Laugh Phonics: /Blends ..... 75On My Way to School
Words to Know ..... 76
Comprehension: Sequence Chart ..... 77
Comprehension: Sequence ..... 78
Structural Analysis: CCVC Words ..... 79
Fluency ..... 80
Text Feature: Signs ..... 81
Phonics: /Blends ..... 82
Review: Words to Know ..... 83
Review: Words to Know ..... 84

## Unit 3 • Let's Connect

Being Friends
Kate's Game
Phonics: Long a ..... 85
Words to Know ..... 86
Comprehension: Predictions Chart ..... 87
Comprehension: Make Predictions ..... 88
Structural Analysis: Inflectional Endings: -ed, -ing . ..... 89
Fluency ..... 90
Text Feature: Map ..... 91
Phonics: Long $a$ ..... 92
Kids Around the World Phonics: $s$ Blends ..... 93
Kids Can Help Words to Know ..... 94
Comprehension: Compare and Contrast Chart ..... 95
Comprehension: Compare and Contrast. ..... 96
Structural Analysis: One- and Two-Syllable Words ..... 97
Fluency ..... 98
Literary Element: Word Choice ..... 99
Phonics: Blends ..... 100
Me and My Shadow Phonics: Digraphs: ch, tch, wh ..... 101Short Shadows,Long Shadows
Words to Know ..... 102
Comprehension: Main Idea and Details Web ..... 103
Comprehension: Main Idea and Details ..... 104
Structural Analysis: Inflectional Ending: -es ..... 105
Fluency ..... 106
Study Skill: Periodicals and Newspapers ..... 107
Phonics: Digraphs: ch, tch, wh. ..... 108
Our Families Phonics: Long i ..... 109Smile, Mike!
Words to Know ..... 110
Comprehension: Predictions Chart ..... 111
Comprehension: Make Predictions ..... 112
Structural Analysis: Inflectional Endings: -ed, -ing. ..... 113
Fluency ..... 114
Text Feature: Chart ..... 115
Phonics: Long i, Short $i$ ..... 116
Family Time Phonics: Blends: scr, spl, spr, str ..... 117Gram and Me
Words to Know ..... 118
Comprehension: Character and Setting Chart ..... 119
Comprehension: Character and Setting ..... 120
Structural Analysis: Contractions: 'll, 'm, 've ..... 121
Fluency ..... 122
Text Feature: Numerical List. ..... 123
Phonics: Blends ..... 124
Review: Words to Know ..... 125
Review: Words to Know ..... 126

## Unit 4 • Our Earth

Birds
Pelican Was Hungry
Phonics: Long o ..... 127
Words to Know ..... 128
Comprehension: Inference Chart ..... 129
Comprehension: Make Inferences ..... 130
Fluency ..... 131
Vocabulary Strategy: Dictionary ..... 132
Structural Analysis: Inflectional Endings: -er, -est ..... 133
Literary Element: Repetition ..... 134
Phonics: Long o, i, a ..... 135
Recycling Phonics: Long u ..... 136
June Robot Cleans Up Words to Know ..... 137
Comprehension: Conclusions Chart ..... 138
Comprehension: Draw Conclusions ..... 139
Fluency ..... 140
Vocabulary Strategy: Context Clues ..... 141
Structural Analysis: CVCe Words ..... 142
Text Feature: Floor Plan ..... 143
Phonics: Long $u, o$ ..... 144
What's the Weather? Phonics: Long a ..... 145Stormy Weather
Words to Know ..... 146
Comprehension: Compare and Contrast Chart ..... 147
Comprehension: Compare and Contrast ..... 148
Vocabulary Strategy: Dictionary. ..... 149
Fluency ..... 150
Study Skill: Telephone Directory ..... 151
Structural Analysis: Compound Words ..... 152
Phonics: Long $o, u, a$ ..... 153
What Scientists Do Phonics: Long e ..... 154Meet Ben Franklin
Words to Know ..... 155
Comprehension: Inference Chart ..... 156
Comprehension: Make Inferences ..... 157
Fluency ..... 158
Vocabulary Strategy: Word Parts ..... 159
Structural Analysis: CVVC Words ..... 160
Text Feature: Bold Print ..... 161
Phonics: Long e, Short e ..... 162
Phonics: Long e ..... 163
Favorite Stories
Little Rabbit
Words to Know ..... 164
Comprehension: Beginning, Middle, and End Chart ..... 165
Comprehension: Beginning, Middle, and End ..... 166
Fluency ..... 167
Vocabulary Strategy: Context Clues ..... 168
Structural Analysis: Inflectional Ending: -es ..... 169
Literary Element: Repetition ..... 170
Phonics: Long e, a ..... 171
Review: Words to Know ..... 172
Review: Words to Know ..... 173

## Unit 5 • I Can Do It!

Express Yourself

Olivia
Watch It GoThe Kite
Inventions
Kids' Inventions
I Can Do It
Whistle for Willie
Phonics: Long o ..... 174
Words to Know ..... 175
Comprehension: Fantasy and Reality Chart ..... 176
Comprehension: Fantasy and Reality ..... 177
Fluency ..... 178
Vocabulary Strategy: Dictionary ..... 179
Structural Analysis: Inflectional Ending: -y ..... 180
Text Feature: Captions ..... 181
Phonics: Long 0 , Short 0 ..... 182
Phonics: Long i ..... 183
Words to Know ..... 184
Comprehension: Problem and Solution Chart ..... 185
Comprehension: Problem and Solution ..... 186
Fluency ..... 187
Vocabulary Strategy: Word Parts ..... 188
Structural Analysis: Inflectional Endings: -er, -est ..... 189
Text Feature: Diagram ..... 190
Phonics: Long i, Short $i$. ..... 191
Phonics: r-Controlled Vowel: ar ..... 192
Words to Know ..... 193
Comprehension: Cause and Effect Chart ..... 194
Comprehension: Cause and Effect ..... 195
Vocabulary Strategy: Dictionary. ..... 196
Fluency ..... 197
Study Skill: Card Catalog ..... 198
Structural Analysis: Abbreviations: Mr., Sat., Dr. ..... 199
Phonics: Short $a$, Long $a$, and ar ..... 200
Phonics: $r$ - Controlled Vowel: or ..... 201
Words to Know ..... 202
Comprehension: Inference Chart ..... 203
Comprehension: Make Inferences ..... 204
Fluency ..... 205
Vocabulary Strategy: Word Parts ..... 206
Structural Analysis: Inflectional Ending: -ed ..... 207
Text Feature: Graph ..... 208
Phonics: $r$-Controlled Vowels: or, ar ..... 209
Phonics: r-Controlled Vowels: er, ir, ur ..... 210
Words to Know ..... 211
Comprehension: Classify and Categorize Chart ..... 212
Comprehension: Classify and Categorize ..... 213
Fluency ..... 214
Vocabulary Strategy: Context Clues ..... 215
Structural Analysis: Prefixes: re-, un-. ..... 216
Literary Element: Rhyming Pattern ..... 217
Phonics: $r$-Controlled Vowels ..... 218
Review: Words to Know ..... 219
Review: Words to Know ..... 220

## Unit 6 • Let's Discover

Bugs, Bugs, Bugs! Phonics: Diphthongs: ou, ow ..... 221Dot and Jabber and theBig Bug Mystery
Words to Know ..... 222
Comprehension: Illustrations Chart ..... 223
Comprehension: Use Illustrations ..... 224
Fluency ..... 225
Vocabulary Strategy: Dictionary ..... 226
Structural Analysis: Syllables ..... 227
Text Feature: Heads ..... 228
Phonics: Diphthongs: ou, ow; Long o and ir ..... 229
Exploring Space Phonics: Variant Vowel: oo ..... 230Blue Jay Finds a Way
Words to Know ..... 231
Comprehension: Predictions Chart ..... 232
Comprehension: Make Predictions ..... 233
Fluency ..... 234
Vocabulary Strategy: Context Clues ..... 235
Structural Analysis: Suffixes: -ful, -less ..... 236
Text Feature: Question and Answer Format ..... 237
Phonics: Variant Vowels: oo, ou, ow ..... 238
Phonics: Variant Vowel: 00 ..... 239
At Work
Cool Jobs
Words to Know
Words to Know ..... 240 ..... 240
Comprehension: Classify and Categorize Chart ..... 241
Comprehension: Classify and Categorize ..... 242
Vocabulary Strategy: Thesaurus ..... 243
Fluency ..... 244
Study Skill: Media Center and Internet ..... 245
Phonics: Variant Vowel: 00 ..... 246
Phonics: Variant Vowel: oo; Diphthongs: ou, ow ..... 247
Watching Animals Grow Phonics: Variant Vowels: au, aw ..... 248
A Tiger Cub Grows Up Words to Know ..... 249
Comprehension: Compare and Contrast Chart ..... 250
Comprehension: Compare and Contrast ..... 251
Fluency ..... 252
Vocabulary Strategy: Word Parts ..... 253
Phonics: Variant Vowels: au, aw ..... 254
Literary Element: Word Play ..... 255
Phonics: Variant Vowels: au, aw, oo ..... 256
Let's Build Phonics: Diphthongs: oi, oy ..... 257
Sand Castle Words to Know ..... 258
Comprehension: Cause and Effect Chart ..... 259
Comprehension: Cause and Effect ..... 260
Fluency ..... 261
Vocabulary Strategy: Context Clues ..... 262
Phonics: Diphthongs: oi, oy ..... 263
Text Feature: Captions ..... 264
Phonics: Diphthongs: oi, oy ..... 265
Review: Words to Know ..... 266
Review: Words to Know ..... 267

## Read the word. Circle the picture that it names.

I. cat

2. $p a n$

3. man

4. sat

5. fan


## 6. Write a sentence using some of the words.

## Practice

## Complete each sentence. Use one of the words in the box.



[^0]
## As you read Pam and Sam, fill in the Character Chart.

$\square$
How does the Character Chart help you remember the beginning, middle, and end of Pam and Sam?

## Practice

## Look at the pictures. Read the story.



Nat is a cat.
Nat can go up.
Nat can go down.
Pam and Sam look for Nat.
Pam is sad.
Where is Nat?
Write I if the sentence is true. Write $F$ if the sentence is false.

I. Nat is a cat. $\qquad$
2. Nat can go up and down. $\qquad$
3. Pam is sad. $\qquad$
4. Nat is in the

$\qquad$
5. Nat is in the


## Practice

## Circle the word that names each picture. Then write the word.

I.
cat cats

3.

pan pans
$\qquad$
5.

mat mats
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
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2.

man map
4.

rats rat

$\qquad$
6.

can cans
$\qquad$

8.

hat hats
$\qquad$

## As I read, I will pay attention to the punctuation.

|"I can jump," said Frog. "I can jump up
09 and down."
II "I can jump," said Rabbit. "I can jump up
20 and down."
22 "I can jump, too!" said Kangaroo. "I can
30 jump up and down."
34 "I can not jump," said Little Bat.
41 "I can fly!" said Little Bat. 47

## Comprehension Check

I. What can Frog, Rabbit, and Kangaroo do?
2. What can Little Bat do?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br>  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correct Score |  |  |  |  |  |$|$

## Photographs are pictures that show people, animals, and things in real life.

## Look at the picture.

Read the sentence that tells about the picture.


Look! My little cat is here.

## Write your own sentence about the picture.

## Practice

## Look at each picture. Complete each sentence by using a word from the box.

hat map pan ran bat mat
I. The cat is in the $\qquad$ .

2. She sees the $\qquad$ .
3. Sam $\qquad$ to the van.

$\qquad$
$\square$

$\qquad$
4. The $\qquad$ is on the $\qquad$

$\qquad$

5. The man looks at the
$\qquad$

## Say the name of each picture. <br> Circle the picture if you hear the sound of short $\underline{\text { a }}$.



## Practice

Fill in the sentences using the words in the box.
too
I $\dagger$
Yes
over

I.
$\qquad$
box.

3. It is $\qquad$ us. 4. You have fun,
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


## As you read I Can! Can You?, fill in the Sequence Chart.

## First

## Next

## Last

How does the Sequence Chart help you retell I Can! Can You?

## Practice

## Look at the pictures. <br> Write I, $\underline{2}$, and $\underline{3}$ for each column of pictures to show the order in which things happen.



## Circle the word that completes each sentence. Then write the word on the line.

I. Sam $\qquad$ .
nap naps
2. Sam and Pam $\qquad$ ـ.
play plays

$\qquad$
$\square$
3. Pam can $\qquad$ .
pack packs

$\qquad$

4. Pam $\qquad$ go with Sam.
can cans
5. Pam $\qquad$ at Sam.
look looks


## As I read, I will pay attention to the punctuation.

| Is it fun to play tennis?
06 Yes! You can hit a ball over the net!
15 Is it fun to play soccer?
21 Yes! You can kick a ball.
27 Is it fun to play golf, too?
34 Yes! You can hit a ball. 40

## Comprehension Check

I. Why is tennis fun?
2. Why is soccer fun?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

## Labels give information about a picture.

## Look at the picture. Read the labels.



## Write the word that completes each sentence.

I. The man has a $\qquad$ .
2. Pam has a $\qquad$ .
$\qquad$
3. The cat has a $\qquad$ .
4. Sam has a $\qquad$ .

## Circle the pictures that have the short $\underline{a}$ sound. Then write the word on the line.

(

[^1]
## The letter i stands for the middle sound in big and fin.



## Read the words in the box. Then write the word that names each picture.

3. $\qquad$

4. $\qquad$


## Practice

# Write the word from the box that completes each <br> sentence. Circle the picture that goes with the sentence. 

ride be ride run
I. Nan will $\qquad$ here.

2. My cat can $\qquad$ here with me.

3. Nat can down to Mom.

4. I can $\qquad$ with Nat.


## As you read How You Grew, fill in the Sequence Chart.

## First

## Next

## Then

How does the Sequence Chart help you retell How You Grew?

## Practice

## Look at the story pictures. Read the sentences about the story.



The ball is down.
My cat and I play ball.
My cat runs down, too.
My cat plays with a ball.
Write the sentences in the correct order on the lines.

1. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. $\qquad$
$\qquad$

3. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
-------------------------------------------------------------
4. $\qquad$

## Some words end in the same two consonants. bill Jazz pass

## Read each sentence. <br> Underline the word that ends with the same two consonants. Write the word on the line.

I. Matt runs to his little cat.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

2. Pam rides to the hill.
$\qquad$

3. I kiss my Dad.
$\qquad$

4. The mitt is on the ride.
$\qquad$

$\qquad$

$\qquad$

## As I read, I will pay attention to patterns in the story.

|This boy is 4. He can jump.
06 This girl will be 6 . What can she do?
14 She can ride the bus to school.
21 This boy will be 12 . What can he do?
29 He can ride his bike fast. 35

## Comprehension Check

I. Who can ride the bus to school?
2. What can the boy who is 12 do?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br>  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correct Score |  |  |  |  |  |$|$

The title of a book is the name of the book. The author of a book writes the story. The illustrator makes the pictures.

## Look at the book cover. Answer the questions.

I. Who wrote the book?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. Who made the picture?
$\qquad$ $\longrightarrow$

3. What is the title of the book?
4. What picture is on the cover?

## Practice

## Write a word from the box to finish the sentence.

lid pig dig wig hid bib
I. Pat likes her $\qquad$ .
2. He is a big $\qquad$ .

3. The $\qquad$ is on the pan.

4. Sam can $\qquad$ in it.

6. The cat has the $\qquad$ .

5. Jan $\qquad$ it.

## Sometimes consonants form a blend. You can hear each consonant sound in a consonant blend.

## Read the word. Write the word. <br> Circle the picture that it names.

I. grass
$\qquad$

2. track

3. $\operatorname{Fran}$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

4. brick
$\qquad$
--------------------

5. crib
$\qquad$


## Practice

## Write a word from the box to complete each sentence. Some words may be used more than once.

come good on that
I. Rags can $\qquad$ with me.

2. Can Rags $\qquad$ in?

$\qquad$
$\square$
3. Rags is a $\qquad$ pet.

4. Is $\qquad$ for Rags?
5. Rags is $\qquad$ my


As you read Pet Tricks, fill in the Setting Chart.

| Setting | What the Characters <br> Do There |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |

How does the Setting Chart help you retell Pet Tricks?

## Practice

## The characters are the people or animals in a story.

The setting is where the story happens.


## Answer the questions about the characters and the setting.

I. Where are the cats? $\qquad$
2. Is the cat sad? $\qquad$
3. Do the cats like to play? $\qquad$

When 's is added to a word, it means that something belongs to that person or thing.

## Circle the correct word and write it on the line.

I. This is $\qquad$
Fran Fran's
2. This is $\qquad$ bag.
Gram's Gram

3. This is the $\qquad$ trap.
crab crab's
$\qquad$
$\square$
4. This is $\qquad$ cat. Mr. Tran Mr. Tran's
$\qquad$
5. This is $\qquad$ crib.

Jim's Jim

## As I read, I will pay attention to the punctuation.

| Rosa got a new puppy.<br>05 "That is a good puppy," said Rosa.<br>I2 Rosa set a bowl on the floor.<br>I9 "Come and drink," said Rosa.<br>24 Rosa set a dish on the floor.<br>31 "Come and eat," said Rosa.<br>36 Rosa got a leash for the puppy. 43

## Comprehension Check

I. Why do you think Rosa put a leash on the puppy?
2. What things does a puppy need?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

## A list is a series of things written in order.

## Pets can:

$I$.

2.

3.

4.


## Read the question. Draw a line to the answer.

## I. What pet likes to nap?

## 2. What pet can sit?


3. What pet can wag?
4. What pet likes to play?

## Practice

## Look at each picture. <br> Write the word that describes the picture.

grass
crab
crib
trip brick
I. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. $\qquad$
$\qquad$

3. $\qquad$

4.
$\qquad$ $----------------------------\quad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
5. $\qquad$

$\qquad$


Write a sentence using one of the words in the box.
$\qquad$

Sometimes consonants form a blend. You can hear each consonant sound in a final blend.
hand past

## Say the word. Draw a line under the final blend. Write the final blend on the line. Circle the picture.

```
I. a n †
```


2. 1 is $\dagger$ $\qquad$

$\qquad$



## Practice

Use a word from the box to complete each sentence.


## As you read Soccer, fill in the Author's <br> Purpose Chart.



How does the Author's Purpose Chart help you understand the story Soccer?

Some authors write to tell a story. Some authors write to tell about real people or things.

## Read the sentences. Choose the author's purpose.

I. Ben the cat likes to play with a pink ball. Look at Ben run! Look at Ben go!
O tell a story
O tell about real people or things
2. An ant can walk. A shark can swim. A cat can run. A kangaroo can hop.
O tell a story
O tell about real people or things
3. Where is the band? The band is not here! "What will we do now?" said Crab. "We will play!" said Ant.
O tell a story
O tell about real people or things
4. Dogs can jump up and down. Dogs can sit. Dogs can run fast. Dogs can play with you.
O tell a story
O tell about real people or things

Read each sentence. Then read the words under each sentence. Write the correct word on the line.
I. We like to play in the
$\qquad$

-     -         -             -                 -                     -                         -                             -                                 -                                     -                                         -                                             -                                                 -                                                     -                                                         - 

$\qquad$ _.
sun
sand lot

2. The $\qquad$ is very big.
rat rink rim

3. Pam and Nat look here
lap let

## As I read, I will pay attention to the punctuation.

|Look at the sand. We can not use the sand.
IO We can help. We can pick up.
I7 Look! The sand is very clean. We can use the
27 sand now.
29 Look at the park. We can not use the park.
39 We can help! We can pick up. 46

## Comprehension Check

I. What is wrong with the sand and the park?
2. What can the children do to help?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br>  <br>  | $=$ | Wrrors |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correct Score |  |  |  |  |  |$|$|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| First Read |  |
| - |  |
| Second Read |  |
|  | - |
|  |  |

Words in a poem often rhyme. Rhyming words begin with different sounds and end with the same sound.
map tap

Read the poem. Write the rhyming words on the line. Circle the same sound in each word.

## Where Did the Ball Go?

1. Pam can kick.

Now she is very quick.
$\qquad$
--------------------------
$\qquad$
3. Now it will fall. It is just a red ball.
$\qquad$


## Practice

## Look at the picture. Write sentences about the picture. Use a word with a final blend in each sentence.



See the $\qquad$

## Look at the

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Practice

## Circle the word that tells about the picture. Then write the word on the line.


I. $\qquad$
jump run
2. $\qquad$ up down
3. $\qquad$
go come
4. $\qquad$
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5. $\qquad$
in
on

6. help sit

## Practice

Match each sentence to the picture that it explains.
I. It is too little.
2. Bill can ride now.
3. That is not Ann's cat.
4. Yes, Jack can use help.
5. Jill can do very good tricks.
6. Pam can run and jump.
d.

e.

b.

C.


The letter o stands for the middle sound in log.


## Blend the sounds and say the word. Then write the word and circle the picture.

I. $\mathrm{p} \circ \dagger$ $\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\square$
2. h o g $\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. $b \circ x$ $\qquad$


## 4. $\dagger$ ○ p


5. fox
$\qquad$


## Practice

## Write the word that completes each sentence.

5. What $\qquad$ this mom have?
6. $\qquad$ play with mom. dogs.

7. This mom has $\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\square$

## As you read Animal Moms and Dads, fill in the Main Idea and Details Web.



How does the Main Idea and Details Web help you retell Animal Moms and Dads?

## Practice

## Look at the picture. Circle all the sentences that tell about the picture.


I. The children are eating lunch.
2. Kim and Bob play ball.
3. The children go to school.
4. Pam and Jack climb.
5. The children like to jump rope.
6. The dog wants to play, too.

Write a sentence that tells the main idea of the picture.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

You can add -ed to some action words to tell what someone or something did. walk + ed = walked

## Circle the word that completes the sentence. Then write the word.

I. I $\qquad$ my bag.
rocked packed
2. Dad $\qquad$
locked packed the

3. Bob $\qquad$ up the dog.
picked licked
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ up on my lap.
jumped picked

5. Pat $\qquad$ the

## As I read, I will pay attention to patterns in the story.

## Comprehension Check

I. What are cubs?
2. What can the cubs do?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

## Rhythmic patterns are sounds and words that repeat to give a poem a beat.

## Read the poem.

One little cat,
Sat on a mat.
She did not run,
She did not pat.


One little frog,
Sat on a log.
He did not jump,
He did not jog.

I. Write three words that rhyme in the first verse.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
----------------- -
$\qquad$
2. Write three words that rhyme in the second verse.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. Underline three words that repeat in the first verse.
4. Underline three words that repeat in the second verse.

Read the question. Look at the picture. Write the word.
I. Is this a cat or a cot?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

2. Is this a crib or a crab?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

3. Is this a fan or a fin?

4. Is this a mop or a map?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

5. Is this a sock or a sack?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

6. Is this a pin or a pan?


## Use the words from the box to name each picture.

2. 

## Practice

Write a word from the box to complete each sentence.
$\qquad$ with you?

3. The bag is in the box.

4. $\qquad$ , I can not ride a


## As you read Little Red Hen, fill in the Retelling Chart.

## Little Red Hen



How does the Retelling Chart help you remember Little Red Hen?

When you retell a story, you tell only the important parts.

## Read each story. Write a new sentence that tells only the important parts. Then draw a picture.

The red hen has two eggs.
She sits on the nest.
Now the eggs crack.
The chicks jump down from the nest.
I.

Jen has a pet cat.
Greg has a pet dog.
Jen's cat jumps on Greg's dog.
The dog does not run.
Greg's dog licks Jen's cat.
$\qquad$

2. $\qquad$
$\qquad$

$\qquad$

A contraction is a short form of two words. An apostrophe (') takes the place of the missing letters. can + not = can't
didn't
can't
doesn'†
isn't

Write the contractions.
I. does not $\qquad$
$\qquad$
---------------------------
2. did not $\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. can not $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. is not $\qquad$
5. Write a sentence using a contraction from the box.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## As I read, I will pay attention to questions in the passage.

|Look at the farm. What can you get from a
10 farm?
II Look at the cows. We get milk from the cows.
2 I Who will have some of the milk?
28 Look at the hen. We get eggs from the hen.
38 Who will eat some of the eggs? 45

## Comprehension Check

I. What do we get from cows?
2. What do we get from hens?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

A diagram is a picture that shows the parts of something.


Write a word from the diagram to complete each sentence.
I. Two frogs jump in the $\qquad$ .
2. The $\qquad$ is in the

3. $A$ fox is in a $\qquad$ .
4. A $\qquad$ is in the pond.

## Practice

Use the words from the box to name each picture.
bell pond vest dog cob Kent
I.

$\qquad$

$\qquad$
2.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
---------------------------
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4.

$\qquad$

3.

$\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

6.


Read each word. Listen to the sounds sh and th stand for.
path think ship shop dish bath

Use the words in the box to name each picture. Then circle the letters that stand for the sounds sh and th.

$\qquad$
I. -----------------------
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
-------------------- -
$\qquad$
3.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Practice

Write a word from the box to complete each sentence. Match each sentence to the correct picture.
3. We don't go $\qquad$ in the

4. He has $\qquad$ in his bag.


## As you read A Prairie Dog Home, fill in the Main Idea and Details Web.



How does the Main Idea and Details Web help you better understand A Prairie Dog Home?

## Practice

The main idea tells what the story is about.
The details tell more about the main idea.

## Write a sentence that tells the main idea.

Frogs live in the pond.

So do fish and


Frogs jump in and out of the pond.

go in and out, too.

## Draw a picture to show what else lives in a pond.

$\square$

You can add -ing to some action words.

Add -ing to the words in the box.


## Complete the sentences with the words you wrote.

I. Beth is $\qquad$ a big dog.
2. They are $\qquad$ for a lost cat.
3. I am $\qquad$ with a little ship.
4. We are $\qquad$ up and down.

## As I read, I will pay attention to questions in the passage.

Where do birds live? Birds live in many places.<br>9 This bird lives in a park. It hops in the grass.<br>20 The bird used twigs to make a nest.<br>28 Look into the nest. What do you see?<br>36 This bird lives in the woods. It will peck a<br>46 hole in the tree. 50

## Comprehension Check

I. Where do some birds live?
2. What do some birds use to make a nest?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

A dictionary gives the meaning of words.
grand very big
ship a big

mend to fix
Iamb a little


## Write a dictionary word to complete each sentence.

I. The $\qquad$ likes to run and play.
2. The ship is very $\qquad$ .
3. I have to $\qquad$ my pants.
$\qquad$
4. A $\qquad$ is too big for a pond.

## Write a new sentence for one of the words.

5. $\qquad$

## Practice

Use the words in the box to name each picture. Underline the letters that stand for the sounds sh and th.


Circle the letters that stand for the short $\underline{e}$ and $\underline{o}$ sound.
4.

$\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
5.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
6.


## The letter u stands for the middle sound in bus.

## Circle the word that names each picture. Then write the word.

1. 


bun big
2.

pot pup
3.

ten tub
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
bat bug

6.

drip drum
4.

sun sad
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
-----------------
$\qquad$
------------------
$\qquad$

# Write a word from the box to complete each sentence. 

## make want under Put show Three

1. $\qquad$ on a hat.
2. Sit $\qquad$ the tent.
3. Come see the $\qquad$ !
$\qquad$
4. $\qquad$ kids play in a band.
5. You will $\qquad$ to see it.
6. It will __ you jump up and down.

## As you read The Fun Kids' Band, fill in the

 Retelling Chart.
## The Fun Kids' Band




How does the Retelling Chart help you visualize what happens in The Fun Kids' Band?

## Practice

When you retell a story, you tell only the important parts.

## Read the story. Then look at it again. Underline the sentences that retell the story.

Ben wants to use his fishing rod.
Ben sits down at the pond with his fishing rod.
Ben sits and sits.
Ben sees a frog.
Ben sees a bug.
At last Ben gets a fish!
Draw three pictures to retell the story.
$\square$

A contraction is a short form of two words. An apostrophe (') takes the place of one or more letters.
he's it's let's she's that's

## Read each sentence. Then write the contraction for the underlined words.

I. Mom said she is going with us. $\qquad$
2. That is a big truck! $\qquad$
3. Let us run and jump. $\qquad$
4. Ted said he is playing the drum. $\qquad$
5. It is a dull rug. $\qquad$

## As I read, I will pay attention to the dialogue.

| 8 | Meg, Jim, and Dan sat under a tree. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 8 | Dan's little sister sat under the tree, too. |
| 16 | Jim asked, |
| 18 | "What do you want to do?" |
| 24 | Meg said, "I want to put on a show. Do you |
| 35 | want to help me?" |
| 39 | Jim and Dan said, "Yes!" 44 |

## Comprehension Check

I. What do the children want to do?
2. What do you need to put on a show?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

## Directions are the steps that you follow to make or do something.

## Make a Fun Box.

I. Get an egg carton.

2. Cut the top.
3. Give it a fun look.

4. Put in stuff.

I. What will you make? $\qquad$
2. What will you use?

## 3. What will you do with the top?

4. What will you do last? $\qquad$

## Circle the word that names each picture. Then write the word.

I.
bag beg

ship shop
$\qquad$
----------------
$\qquad$
5.

duck dock
$\qquad$ -----------------
$\qquad$

Blend the first two letters to read each word.
flag clap
black
block
clip
clock

Use the words in the box to name each picture.
2.
$\qquad$
--------------------
I.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$-------------------$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ $--------------------$
4.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
5.

$\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Read each sentence. Write a word from the box to complete the sentence.

away late school today way Why
I. If the bus does not come, I will be $\qquad$ .
2. $\qquad$ did the bus go in the mud?
3. This is the $\qquad$ to play.

4. We put the blocks $\qquad$ .
5. I have to go to $\qquad$ now.
$\qquad$
$\square$
6. We can not play $\qquad$ .

As you read On My Way to School, fill in the Sequence Chart.


How does the Sequence Chart help you visualize what happens in On My Way to School?

## Practice

## Look at the pictures. Write what happens in each picture.


$\qquad$
$\qquad$
----------------------------------------
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
-------------------------------------------
$\qquad$


Last, $\qquad$
2.

First,
$\qquad$


Next,


Last,

## Circle the word that names each picture. Then write the word.

3. 



$\qquad$

clam club
$\qquad$ -----.-.-.-.-.-.
$\qquad$
2.

flag flat
4.

sled slip
$\qquad$
-----------------

-----------------
$\qquad$

## As I read, I will pay attention to the punctuation.

Elephant sat up. He looked at the clock.
8 "Oh no! I will be late for school!"
16 Elephant got dressed. He got his books. He got
25 his lunch. He put them in his blue backpack.
34 Elephant ran down the street. On the way,
42 he saw Bear. 45

## Comprehension Check

## I. What is the problem?

2. What does Elephant do to get ready for school?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

A sign uses words or pictures to tell you what to do.

Circle the word that completes each sentence.
2. When you see

$\qquad$ .
stop go
3. To play on the $\qquad$ , we go to the
 beds swings
4. We $\qquad$ in the 0 . run eat

Color the traffic light with red, yellow, and green.
Put a $\checkmark$ next to the color that tells you to go.
Put an $X$ next to the color that tells you to stop.


## Practice

## Circle the word that tells about each picture. Then write the word.


plug plum

clam clock
-----------------------
5.

slip sled
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


On My Way to School

At Home: Have your child draw a picture of another word that begins with pl, cl, sl, fl, or bl. Then help your child label it.

Write the word that completes each sentence.
I. They $\qquad$ in a den. live glad
2. Tom can $\qquad$ his hat on.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

# cut put <br> 

$\qquad$
3. The frog jumps $\qquad$ the pond.

out into

4. My $\qquad$ dogs sit in the sun. two does

$\square$
5. gets on the bus last? Who Why

6. They can tell the $\qquad$ to go.

## Practice

# Write a word from the box to complete each sentence. 

late her show today make some
I. We want to shop for socks $\qquad$
2. I will $\qquad$ you the way.
3. Jen and $\qquad$ mom will get gas.
4. They can $\qquad$ a hat.
$\qquad$
5. I can't be ___ for school.
6. I see $\qquad$ of the kids at the bus stop.

Look at the word gate. The letters a and e stand for the long a sound you hear. gate


## Circle the word that names the picture. Write the word on the line.

I.

cap cape
$\qquad$
----------------
$\qquad$
3.

pane pan
$\qquad$
-.-.-.-.-.-.......-.
5.

rat rate
$\qquad$
6.

mate mat
$\qquad$
----------------

## Practice

## Write the words from the box to complete the letter.

Oh pull Could All walk Hello
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Kate,
$\qquad$

-     -         -             -                 -                     -                         -                             -                                 -                                     -                                         -                                             -                                                 -                                                     -                                                         -                                                             -                                                                 -                                                                     -                                                                         - 

you come on a $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\square$
with me? We could $\qquad$ our wagon.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ our pals could come. $\qquad$ it will be fun!


From,

Jake

## As you read Kate's Game, fill in the

Predictions Chart.

| What I Predict | What Happens |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

How does the Predictions Chart help you understand what happens in Kate's Game?

A prediction is a guess about what will happen next.

There is pizza on a plate. A good prediction would be that someone will eat the pizza.

## Draw a line connecting each sentence with the one that tells what will happen next.

I. The block falls down.
2. The frog sees a pond.
3. A dog is sick.
4. Dad gets a cake.
5. Jan gets a doll.
6. Peg is late for school.

## Make your own prediction.

7. Jake has a gift from his friend Meg.
$\qquad$
He eats it.

## Look at the word: wave

Notice that the $\mathbf{e}$ is dropped when adding -ing or -ed.
wave + ing = waving wave + ed = waved

## Add -ing to the words. Write the new word.

I. fake $\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. rake $\qquad$
Add -ed to the words. Write the new word.
3. bake $\qquad$
$\qquad$

4. fade $\qquad$
5. wade $\qquad$

## As I read, I will pay attention to the punctuation.

|You could help a friend pull a wagon.
8 You could pull a sled.
I3 You could wave "Hello" to a friend.
20 You could make a card for a friend and write
30 "Hello."
31 Could you be a friend? Oh, yes! Oh, yes!
40 Look at all the ways to be a good friend! 50

## Comprehension Check

I. How can you be a friend?
2. How do you help your friends?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

# A map can show where streets are. Some maps have labels that tell where places are. 



# Look at the street map. Write the answers to the questions. 

I. Where is the school? $\qquad$
2. What is next to the pond?
3. Where is the bus stop? $\qquad$
4. What lane stops at the pond?
5. How many houses are on Lake Lane?

## Circle the word that completes each sentence. Write the word on the line.

I. I can make a $\qquad$ .
cap cake
2. Did you $\qquad$

3. Play a $\qquad$ with me. gap game

4. I hit the ball with a $\qquad$ .
bat bake
5. Shut the $\qquad$ .

gab gate
6. We will jump in the $\qquad$ .
last lake

## 7. Is the dog for <br> $\qquad$ <br> sap sale

 ?

Sometimes two consonants form a blend. You can hear each consonant sound in a consonant blend. Listen for the blend at the beginning of the word. sled


Use these blends to complete the words.

| $s n$ | $s t$ | $s m$ | $s c$ | $s p$ | $s w$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


2.

$\qquad$
I.

$\qquad$
3.

4.


5. $\qquad$ ing
6. $\qquad$ in

| When | water | care | together |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| boy | people | girl |  |

## Use the words from the box to complete the sentences.

I. The
 can help.
2. The
 can pick up.
3. Some

4. I $\square$ about my mom.
5. $\square$ can we ride?
6. Tad jumps into the

7. Bess and Jan play


## As you read Kids Can Help, fill in the Compare and Contrast Chart.

| Job | Kids in <br> One Place | Kids in <br> Another Place |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

How does the Compare and Contrast Chart help you better understand Kids Can Help?

When you compare two or more things, you tell how they are alike.
When you contrast two or more things, you tell how they are different.

## Color the picture if the sentence tells how two or more things are alike.

I. Jan and Fred run fast.

2. Tom has a red cap. Bess has a black cap.

3. One cat is little. One cat is big.

4. Sid and Sal play ball.

5. All the kids go to school.
6. Both girls like to play.


A syllable is a part of a word.
You can count the number of syllables in a word by counting the number of beats in the word.
Read the words below. Listen to the number of syllables in each word.

$$
\text { spud }=1 \quad \text { pump } \cdot \text { kin }=2
$$

## Read each word. Circle the number of syllables in each word.

## I. snack

I 2
3. basket

I 2
5. spin

I 2
4. swim

I 2
6. wagon

I 2
2. stop

I 2
8. spill

I 2
I 2

## As I read, I will pay attention to punctuation.

| People all over like holidays. People come
7 together to do things on holidays. People
14 have holiday fun!
I7 Today people give thanks for the things they
25 have. They have lots of good things to eat.
34 Today boys and girls are together at a
42 parade. It is fun when the big dragon comes
51 along. 52

## Comprehension Check

I. Why do people like holidays?
2. What did the boys and girls see at the parade?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

Writers use interesting and colorful words. The fluffy, white clouds float in the sky.


## Circle the two words that a writer could use to describe each picture.

| I. fast | soft | red |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. many | little | wet |  |
| 3. black | one | hot |  |
| 4. three | big | hot | big |

## Practice

## Write the correct word in each sentence.

## I. Beth slept in a

$\qquad$
tent .
stop
sniff
2. $A$ $\qquad$ is in the box. snake
slip
3. Do not $\qquad$ on the spill! sled
$\qquad$

.
4. I like to
at the park.
swing
$\qquad$
$\square$
5. A $\qquad$ is under the log.
slim
slug
6. Look out for the $\qquad$ !

7. Mom made a | a |
| :--- |

## smock

8. Put on a $\qquad$ smell

## The letters ch and tch stand for the sounds you hear in chin and ditch.

The letters wh stand for the sound you hear in when.

## Choose from the letters ch, tch, and wh to complete each word. Write the letters on the line.

I. $\qquad$ ase
2. ___ ale
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. ca $\qquad$


Write words from the box to complete the story.
Your light our again Would
I. $\qquad$ you like to play today?
2. The sun is up and it is $\qquad$ out.
3. We can ride $\qquad$ bikes.
4. $\qquad$ dog can run with us.
5. He is fast! Let's race
$\qquad$ .

As you read Short Shadows, Long Shadows, fill in the Main Idea and Details Web.


How does the Main Idea and Details Web help you better understand the main idea of Short Shadows, Long Shadows?

The Main Idea is the most important idea in the story. Details are small pieces of information in a story.

## Read this story.

We went out.
We sat in the sun.
We ate lunch.
The sun went down.
It was a fun day!


Write M if the sentence tells the main idea. Write $\underline{D}$ if it tells a detail.
I. We sat in the sun. $\qquad$
2. The sun went down. $\qquad$
3. We ate lunch. $\qquad$
4. It was a fun day! $\qquad$

## You can add -s or -es to name more than one person or thing.

## Circle the word in each group that names more than one. Write it on the line.

## I. watch watches what

2. inches pitch inch
3. such lunch lunches
4. catch patches patch

## 5. kisses miss <br> kiss

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
6. less dresses dress

## As I read, I will pay attention to the questions.

| What makes a shadow?
4 Sun makes light and light makes a shadow.
12 When the sun is out you can see your
21 shadow. We would not see our shadows if
29 the sun was not out.
34 This groundhog is coming out of its den.
42 The groundhog will see its shadow if the sun
5 I is out. 53

## Comprehension Check

I. What makes a shadow?
2. When will a groundhog see its shadow?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

The title of a magazine is on the cover. There are articles inside the magazine.


## Use the magazine cover and article to answer the questions.

I. What is the title of the magazine?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. What is on the cover?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. What is the title of the article?
$\qquad$
$\square$
4. What could the article be about?

## Blend the sounds to say each word. Write the word. Circle the picture it describes.

I. wh a le
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

3. ch e ck
4. i tch
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


## Use the words in the box to complete the sentences.

hike
hive
line
bite
bike
I. Matt races very fast on his $\qquad$ .

$\qquad$
2. What will I find in the $\qquad$ ?

3. We must all walk in a $\qquad$ .

4. Dan takes a big $\qquad$ of his cake.

5. We can $\qquad$ up this hill.


Use the words from the box to complete the story.


## As you read Smile, Mike!, fill in the

 Predictions Chart.| What I Predict | What Happens |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

How does the Predictions Chart help you understand what happens in Smile, Mike!?

## Read the sentences. Write the words that tell what happens next.

I. Tim's kite is ripped. Dad can fix Tim's kite.

Tim will $\qquad$

2. Kim must wash her dog. Kim's dog is very big.

Mike will $\qquad$

3. Sam wants to skate. Dad takes Sam to the rink.

Sam and Dad will $\qquad$

4. Sam wants a nice pup. Mom and Sam go to see the pups.

Mom and Sam will $\qquad$ .


When you add -ed or -ing to a word that ends with a vowel and a consonant, double the final consonant. run + ing = running My dog is running fast. chop + ed $=$ chopped Sam chopped the log.

## Read the sentence. Write the correct form of the word in the sentence.

I. Mike is $\qquad$ hit
2. The girl $\qquad$ chip the ball with a bat.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ the nice red mug.

$\qquad$
$\square$
3. The kids are $\qquad$ the parts
put of the kite together.

4. My dog just $\qquad$ over his dish. tip


## As I read, I will pay attention to the dialogue.

I did not want to play with Sam. So, I went to
12 see Mom and Dad.
16 "Mom," I said. "How can I play? Sam will
25 not stop. He does just what I do."
33 "He's just a little boy," Mom said.
40 "He's just little," Dad said.
45 I said, "So can he play with you?"
53 "He can," they said. 57

## Comprehension Check

I. What does Sam like to do?
2. How do Mom and Dad try to help?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

## Practice

Read the chart.


## Count the pets and then complete the sentences.

I. Tim has $\qquad$ fish.
2. Nan has $\qquad$ mice.
$\qquad$ dog.
4. Nan has $\qquad$ fish.

## Use the words in the box to answer the riddles.

bike
hit
slide
slip dig
I. You do this on the ice. What word am I?

$\qquad$
2. You ride me fast up a hill. What word am I?
$\qquad$
$\square$
$\qquad$
3. You do this in the sand. What word am I?
$\qquad$
$\square$

$\qquad$
4. You do this with a bat in a game. What word am I?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
5. You like to race down me. What word am I?
$\qquad$ -----------------.-
$\qquad$


## Three letters can form a blend.

Listen for all three consonant sounds in each blend.

## spring


 splash

# Write the new word on the line. Connect the word to the matching picture. 

I. $\mathrm{scr}+$ atch $=$ $\qquad$

2. $s t r+$ ipe $=$ $\qquad$

3. $\mathrm{spr}+\mathrm{ing}=$ $\qquad$

4. $\mathrm{spl}+\mathrm{it}=$ $\qquad$

say says about give read were

## Use the words from the box to complete the sentences.

I. Here is a book $\qquad$ cats.
2. "What is it?" $\qquad$ Gram.
3. "Will you $\qquad$ it?" I ask.
4. I $\qquad$ her the book.
5. "It's a good book," we $\qquad$ together.

6. We $\qquad$ glad we could read it.

As you read Gram and Me, fill in the Character and Setting Chart.

|  | What the <br> Characters Do There |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1. | 1. |
| 2. | 2. |
| 3. | 3. |
| 4. | 4. |

How does the Character and Setting Chart help you retell Gram and Me?

The setting is where a story takes place.
The characters are the people or animals in a story.


Think about what a school setting is like. Circle the people and things you would find in a school.
desk

bike

girl

book

pen

skate
 animal

boy


[^2]Contractions combine two words. The apostrophe (') takes the place of any missing letters.
we + will = we'll I + am = I'm you + have = you've

## Write the contraction for the two words.

l. we + have = $\qquad$
2. he + will $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. $\mathrm{I}+\mathrm{am}=$ $\qquad$
4. she + will $=$ $\qquad$

## Use the contractions to complete the sentences.

5. $\qquad$ itching my scratch.
$\qquad$

6. $\qquad$ be glad when spring is here.

## As I read, I will pay attention to the dialogue.

|"Hi, Grandpa!" I say.
4 I give my Grandpa a big hug.
II "I'm looking at pictures," says Grandpa.
17 "Would you like me to tell you about them?"

35 "I liked to write stories on that typewriter."
43 "I like to write stories, too," I say. "I write
53 them on my computer." 57

## Comprehension Check

I. What are Grandpa and the boy doing?
2. How are Grandpa and the boy alike?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

A numerical list is a series of things written in I, 2, 3 order.

Make two lists. Use the words below to help you.

| pen <br> hat | pants <br> desk | tape <br> socks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Things for a Trip



Things for School
I. $\qquad$ I. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. $\qquad$ 2. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. $\qquad$ 3.
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
----------------------------

# Practice 

## Write the word that completes each sentence.

I. I can $\qquad$ the plum. string smell shade
2. I would like a $\qquad$ .
snack scratch snap
$\qquad$
$\square$
3. The $\qquad$ cat likes to play with string. striped scarf steps
4. Boys and girls like to $\qquad$ in the water. split splash scat
5. The $\qquad$ is hot!
sleet strip stove
6. Many people like the $\qquad$ .
snap split spring

## Write the word that completes each sentence.

3. They have $\qquad$ hats.



## Practice

## Write the word that completes each sentence.

I. $\qquad$ you help us?
Could Care
2. Three $\qquad$ are eating lunch. people walk
3. She will take $\qquad$ of the fish. there care
4. $\qquad$ mom will pick you up. Your Were
5. I would like to play $\qquad$
oh again
6. The light $\qquad$ we can walk.
says give

## Use the words in the box to complete the sentences.


3. My dad us home after the game.
4. We $\qquad$ on the bus to get to school.
5. I broke the $\qquad$ in my leg when I fell.
$\qquad$
6. I $\qquad$ I win a big prize!

## 7. Can you tell a funny

?
## Use the words from the box to complete the sentences.

| opened <br> soon | every <br> sparkled | any <br> floating |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I.I saw |  |  |

2. The duck
its bill to get a fish.
3. The duck was $\qquad$ on the pond.
4. The pond's water $\qquad$ in the sun.
5. I did not see $\qquad$ other ducks.
6. $\qquad$ the duck swam away.
7. I go to the pond $\qquad$ day.

## As you read Pelican Was Hungry, fill in the Inference Chart.

| Text Clues | What You Know | Inferences |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

How does the Inference Chart help you better understand Pelican Was Hungry?

## Practice

# Use the picture and what you already know about birds to decide if the sentences are true. <br> Write $T$ if the sentence is true. <br> Write $F$ if the sentence is false. 

I. The bird lives in a tree with its babies. $\qquad$
2. The big bird can fly. $\qquad$
3. The bird is as big as a pelican. $\qquad$
4. The nest is made of stones. $\qquad$

5. The big bird is the mother. $\qquad$
6. The little birds like to eat only fish. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
7. Soon the little birds will fly, too. $\qquad$

## As I read, I will pay attention to the punctuation.

| Penguins can dive. They dive under the water
8 to get food. Penguins eat fish. They eat krill
17 that are small shrimp.
21 Every year, penguins make nests on the land.
29 Some penguins use stones to make a nest.
37 Some penguins make a hole.
42 They fill it with grass to make a nest.
51 This penguin has an egg.
56 The penguin will keep the egg warm. 63

## Comprehension Check

## I. What do penguins eat?

2. How do penguins make nests?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

A dictionary is a book that gives the meaning of words. Some words have more than one meaning.

Read the definitions below.
bark I. the outside cover of a tree: The bark on the tree fell off. 2. to make the sound that a dog makes: His dog will bark at all cats.
seal I. an animal that lives in the ocean most of the time and swims very well: The seal swam over the wave. 2. to close something so that it can not be opened: I had to seal the box with tape to close it.

## Choose the correct definition for the word. Fill in the circle.

I. bark
O drop a pole
O be like a dog
2. bark

O on a tree
O in a pot
3. seal Orun away ○ close a box very well
4. seal $\bigcirc$ a blue ship $\bigcirc$ an animal that swims

Use a word from above in a sentence.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Circle the word that completes each sentence. Then write the word.

# I. A dog can run <br> $\qquad$ than a cat. <br> faster fastest 

2. A cat can run $\qquad$ than a duck.
faster fastest
$\qquad$
3. The dog is the

$$
\square-
$$

$\qquad$ of them all. faster fastest
$\qquad$
$\square$
4. That little bed is $\qquad$ than my bed.

> softer softest
5. The big bed is the $\qquad$ of them all.


Poems often repeat words or sentences more than once.

## Read the poem. Then answer the questions.

## The Pelican and the Fish

The fish swims.
The pelican flies over.
The fish swims.
The pelican is hungry.
The fish swims.
The pelican dives down.
The fish swims.


The pelican $\qquad$
GULP!
I. Circle the sentences that repeat.
2. Complete the end of the poem.

## Circle the word that names each picture.

 Then write the word.
2.

shape ship

- shape ship

4. 

grabs grapes

5.

$\qquad$
7.

8.
6.

nose nine

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Practice

## The letters $\mathbf{u}$ and $\mathbf{e}$ stand for the long $\mathbf{u}$ sound. cube tune

## Use words from the box to complete each sentence.

June tube dune Luke flute mule
I. What is inside this $\qquad$ ?

2. We ran down the sand and into the water.
$\qquad$

3. The baby plays with his stuffed $\qquad$ .

$\qquad$
4. $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ are six.

## 5. I can play a tune on my

$\qquad$ .


## Write the word that completes each sentence.

find after old new terrific
I. Dad has $\qquad$ socks for


Kim because hers are $\qquad$

2. Can you help me $\qquad$ my glasses?
3. We go to the park school.

We have a $\qquad$ time.

Match the word to its meaning.
4. done something you make or invent
5. work
6. creation
to do a job

As you read June Robot Cleans Up, fill in the Conclusion Chart.


How does the Conclusion Chart help you better understand June Robot Cleans Up?

## You can use what you read and what you already know to help you draw conclusions.

## Read each story. Draw a conclusion about the characters. Then fill in the circle of the sentence that makes the most sense with the story.

I. Jane bikes to school. She likes to run races. She has fun jumping rope. Jane plays ball with her pals, too.

Jane is in good shape.

O Jane likes to take care of dogs.

2. Luke helps out at a home for older people. He helps them walk. He tells them funny jokes.

O Luke is like the older people.
O Luke likes to help older people.


## As I read, I will pay attention to the punctuation.

| 8 | Paper is made from trees. It takes many, |
| ---: | :--- |
| 16 | many trees to make the paper people use. |
| 23 | How can people help to save trees? |
| 30 | rn some places, workers collect paper for |
| 36 | recycling. Recycling is making new things |
| 42 | from old things. Sometimes people bring |
| 47 | paper to a recycling center. |
| 56 | Old paper is recycled into new paper at a |
| mill. Look and see how it is done. 64 |  |

## Comprehension Check

I. What is paper made from?
2. How can people help to save trees?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

Context clues are words in a sentence that help you figure out the meaning of a new word.

## Use context clues to figure out the meaning of the underlined word. Fill in the circle next to the correct answer.

I. Plants need water and sunlight to grow and stay alive.

O living
O outside

2. Mom picked a bunch of roses from the garden.

O something that is red
O a group of things

3. That baseball player is famous. Everyone knows who he is.

O very well known
Osad

4. I like puzzles so I like to read mystery books.

O a story, play, or movie that has a puzzle to solve
O a story that is very funny

Read the CVCe words. Listen for the long vowel sound.
cube lace ride

## Circle the word that names the picture. Then write the word.


6. Words with CVCe have a $\qquad$ vowel sound.

A floor plan is a drawing that shows where things are in a room.

> Use the floor plan to complete each sentence.

I. The cans bin is next to the bin.
2. If you can't tell which bin something goes in,
ask for help at the $\qquad$ .
3. Put

$\qquad$ _

Read the words.
Listen to the long vowel sound in each word.

June



## Write the letters $\underline{o}$ or $\underline{\mathbf{u}}$ and final $\underline{\mathbf{e}}$ to complete each word. Circle the picture the word names.

2. $\mathrm{b}-\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{n}$

The letters ay and ai stand for the long a sound.


Use a word from the box to complete each sentence.

$\qquad$
2. He will $\qquad$ the vase gray.
3. She will $\qquad$ for the tray.


[^3]$\qquad$ is on the pail.

Use words in the box to complete the sentences.
Their know cold warm great
I. I $\qquad$ how to ride a bike.
2. A hat helps keep you $\qquad$ in the winter.
3. Ice is very $\qquad$ .
4. We had a $\qquad$ time at the party.
$\qquad$
5. $\qquad$ dog is black and white.

Match the word to its meaning.
6. sound
7. predict
8. extreme
very great; dangerous
something you hear
to guess what will happen next
$\qquad$
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When you compare two things, you see how they are the same.
When you contrast two things, you see how they are different.

Jay and May both like the water. When it is warm, they go swimming. When it is cool, Jay runs with a kite. May digs holes.
If it rains, Jay takes a nap and May has a snack.


When the weather is extreme, they both go home.

## Compare Jay and May by listing how they are the same.

## Contrast Jay and May by telling how they are different.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Read the definitions.

block I. An area between two streets: Sam lives on my block. 2. Something hard with flat sides: Put the toy block on top.
light I. Not heavy: The empty bag was light.
2. Energy from the sun: The sun's light was very hot.

## Fill in the circle of the meaning of each bolded word.

I. We live on the same block.

O an area between two streets
O something hard with flat sides
2. The light from the sun is bright.

O not heavy
O energy from the sun
3. My backpack is light when I have no books.

O not heavy
O energy from the sun
4. The baby played with a block.

O an area between two streets
O something hard with flat sides

## As I read, I will pay attention to the punctuation.

| 8 | It is Sunday. People on TV predict the |
| :--- | :--- |
| 17 | weather. They let you know Sunday will be a |
| 20 | hot, sunny day. |
| 29 | Now you know what the weather will be. It's |
| 38 | a great day for swimming in the cold water! |
| 48 | It Monday now. It is warm, but not sunny. |
| 55 | rain. |
| 56 | It is Tuesday now. It is a rainy, wet day. |
| 66 | People will have to use their umbrellas. 73 |

## Comprehension Check

I. What can you do on a hot, sunny day?
2. What would you use on a rainy day?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br>  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correct Score |  |  |  |  |  |$|$

A telephone directory lists names, addresses, and telephone numbers.

| Vann, | Jay | I7 Elm Ave. | $555-5436$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Vann, | Max | I7 Elm Ave. | $555-5436$ |
| Wade, | Jake | 245 Main St. | $555-740$ I |
| Wade, Lon | 29 Sunset Ave. | $555-4269$ |  |
| Wade, May | 9 Sunrise St. | $555-971$ I |  |

## Use the directory to complete each question.

I. How many people have the last name Wade? $\qquad$
2. What is May Wade's phone number? $\qquad$
3. Where does Jake Wade live? $\qquad$
4. Who has the same address and telephone number?

A compound word is made up of two small words.
rose + bush = rosebush back + yard = backyard


# Match a word on the left to a word on the right to make a compound word. Then write the word. 

2. 


down
one $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3.
any
care $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4.
day
robe

Use a compound word in a sentence.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
5. $\qquad$

## Use the words from the box to name each picture.



## Practice

Listen to the sound the letters ee, ea, and e stand for.
teeth

seal

he


Circle the word that names each picture. Then write the word.
I. sheet she
2. peel
peek
3. bean
beak
4. weak
wheat
5. seat
seed
6. eat
eel
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$ $-----------------$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$ ---------------------
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Read each sentence. Choose the word that completes the sentence. Circle the word.

I. Dan plays with his $\qquad$ .
friends house
2. They came $\qquad$ Dean's house. by knew
3. This game is $\qquad$ of like tag. kind by
4. Jean said she could $\qquad$ far.

## run curious

5. "I__ you were it!" she said.
knew kind
6. Mike likes to look. He is $\qquad$ .
friends curious
7. Dean has another $\qquad$ .
idea knew
8. "I'm so glad we went to Dean's ___," said Mike. friends house

As you read Meet Ben Franklin, fill in the Inference Chart.

| Text Clues | What You <br> Know | Inferences |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

[^4]
## Read the story. Then choose an answer to complete each sentence.

Jean puts a cast on a cat. Then she looks at a man's dog. The dog's teeth are bad. "Please brush your dog's teeth," she tells the man. Today she takes care of many pets. "Oh, no!" says Jean. "I did not eat lunch yet."
I. Jean $\qquad$ .

O works in a lab
$O$ is a vet
O likes to read
2. Why does Jean put a cast on the cat?


O The cat goes to sleep.
O The cat wants to eat.
O The cat broke a leg.
3. Jean asks the man to brush his dog's teeth so that $\qquad$ .
O she will not have to pull any teeth
O she can eat lunch
O the dog can run faster
4. Jean did not eat lunch because she $\qquad$ .

O was not hungry
O forgot
O had no pets to take care of

## As I read, I will pay attention to the punctuation.

|  | How Far Down Did Sylvia Dive? |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6 | Sylvia did something that no one had done |
| 14 | before her. She went 1,250 feet down into |
| 21 | the ocean. That's far! |
| 25 | Sylvia walked on the sea floor. Like the |
| 33 | men who walked on the moon, she had an |
| 42 | American flag with her. |
| 46 | Going down 1,250 feet was amazing. |
| 51 | But Sylvia knew she wanted to go deeper. |
| 59 | An underwater sub like this one took Sylvia |
| 67 | down 3,000 feet! 69 |

## Comprehension Check

I. What did Sylvia do that no one else had done before?
2. What country do you think Sylvia is from?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br>  <br>  | $=$ | Wrrors |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correct Score |  |  |  |  |  |$|$|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| First Read |  |
| - |  |
| Second Read |  |

## Practice

A verb is a word that shows action.
You can add -ed or -ing to most verbs.
A verb with an -ed ending means the action happened in the past.
play + ing $=$ playing
play + ed $=$ played

## Write each verb with -ing and -ed.

I. flash $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ $---------------------1$
2. pull $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. fill

Use an -ing word and -ed word in sentences.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

# These words follow the CVVC pattern: boat keep seat 

Use oa, ee, ea, or ai to complete the name for each picture.
I. b $\qquad$ $\dagger$

2. s $\qquad$ d
3. $b$ $\qquad$ k
4. w $\qquad$ $\dagger$

$\qquad$
5. 1 $\qquad$

$\qquad$

6. g $\qquad$

At Home: Have your child think of two more words with the CVVC pattern and draw a picture for each word.

## Practice

## Bold print points out important words.

## Read the story. Then write the answer to each question below.

Ben Franklin was an inventor. He came up with ideas for many things that would help to make people's lives better. His Franklin Stove was a much safer way for people to burn wood for heat and for cooking. Even now we use a lightning rod to protect houses and ships from lightning. He gave his inventions away for free.
I. What is an inventor?

## 2. What did people use as a safer way to burn wood?

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. What does a lightning rod do?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Practice

## Look at the picture. Read the two words. Then use the words to write a silly sentence.

I. seal read

2. jet teeth

3. pet net

4. hen feet

$\qquad$

## Sometimes the letter y stands for the long e sound. happy

## Circle the word that answers the question. Then write the word.

I. What can you ride in? $\qquad$
buggy jelly
2. What can you spend? $\qquad$
muddy penny
3. What do you call a very small boy? $\qquad$
pony baby
4. What do you call a baby dog?

Write words from the box to complete the story.

| told <br> haste | before <br> glared | falls | happen |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | | began |
| :--- |
| heard |

I. I
$\qquad$ a loud crash!
2. Did something bad
$\qquad$ ?
3. I ran with
$\qquad$ to see.
4. I

$\qquad$
at my sister and then
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ to scold her.
5. I
$\qquad$ her not to jump on the bed.
6. She

$\qquad$
every time.
$\qquad$ I left.

## As you read Little Rabbit, fill in the Beginning, Middle, and End Chart.

## Beginning

## Middle

## End

## Read the story.

## The Baby Bunny

All the baby bunnies were sleeping in
 their nest. One baby woke up. He planned to have some fun. The bunny left the nest.

What a big place he saw! The bunny hopped and jumped. He had a good time. Then the rain fell. The baby bunny wished he was safe in his cozy nest.

Just then, he saw his mom. She was calling his name. The baby bunny hopped to his mom. They went back home. He was glad.

## Read the sentences. Write $\underline{B}$ for the beginning sentences, $\underline{M}$ for the middle ones, and $\underline{E}$ for the end ones.

I. The rain came. $\qquad$
2. The bunny went home. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. The bunny left the nest. $\qquad$
4. The bunny had a good time. $\qquad$

# As I read, I will pay attention to pauses, stops, and intonation in the passage. 

| One day Lion closed his eyes. He wanted to

34 Mouse began to shake. He didn't want to fall.
43 "Great Lion, let me go!" said Mouse.
50 "Why should I let you go?" asked Lion.
58 Mouse said, "I am just a little mouse. But I can
69 be a good friend to you." 75

## Comprehension Check

## I. Why does Mouse shake?

2. Why does Mouse think Lion should let him go?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br>  <br>  | $=$ | Wrrors |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correct Score |  |  |  |  |  |$|$|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| First Read |  |
| - |  |
| Second Read |  |
|  | - |
|  |  |

Context clues are words in a sentence that help you figure out the meaning of a new word.

## Use the underlined context clues to figure out the meaning of the word in bold letters.

I. The apples are falling down to the ground.
2. The branches and leaves hide animals in the forest.
3. I heard the owl hoot.
4. The rabbit hopped into the bush before the fox saw it.

Now match the word to its meaning:
I. falling
a. listened with ears
2. forest
b. to go from a high place to a low place
3. heard c. at an earlier time
4. before
d. a place where trees and plants grow

For words that end with a consonant followed by $\mathbf{y}$, change the $\mathbf{y}$ to i before adding es.
bunny bunnies

Read the word under each sentence. Change the
word by adding es. Then complete each sentence.
I. The twin $\qquad$ smiled at me. baby
2. Their $\qquad$ are full.
tummy
3. Jenny $\qquad$ math every day. study

$\qquad$

Repetition is when some words or sentences in a story or poem are used again and again.

# Read the story. Then underline the sentences that show repetition. 

## The Pond

One day a came to the pond.
It drank some water.
Glug! Glug! Glug! Then it went off to rest.

## A

 came to the pond next.

It drank some water, too.
Glug! Glug! Glug! Then it went off to rest.

Then a big came to the pond.

It drank, and it drank.
Glug! Glug! Glug! Then it went off to rest.

The came back to the pond.
It wanted one more drink.
But there was no water left in the pond!

Read the words. Then circle the words with the long e sound.

| day | pay | buddy |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| happy | tummy | pony |
| say | daddy | play |

Write a sentence. Use a word with the long e sound.

Read the words. Then circle the words with the long a sound.

| chilly | play | messy |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| tray | way | lucky |
| cozy | stay | gray |

Write a sentence. Use a word with the long a sound.

## Practice

## Draw a line from the picture to the word that tells about it. Then write the word on the line.


I. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$

$\qquad$
5. $\qquad$

2. $\qquad$ knew
new
old

4. $\qquad$
idea creation
floating

6. $\qquad$

# Circle the word that goes in each sentence. Then write the word on the line. 

I. Mom rode the train to $\qquad$ .

> house work

## 2. I read <br> $\qquad$ I go to sleep. before after

3. Use the hose $\qquad$ their house.
began by
4. Do you know $\qquad$ cute jokes?
every any
5. What $\qquad$ do you like?
find kind
6. Have you $\qquad$ any great ideas?
heard glared

## Practice

There are different ways to make the long o sound. The letters $\mathbf{0}$, oa, and ow stand for the long o sound.

crow


Circle the answer to each question.
I. What floats on water?
a boat
a loaf
3. What can you do to grass? flow
mow
2. What can a bike do?
so go
4. What can a hose do?
soak roast
5. What do you sleep with?
show
pillow
6. What can a tube do?
float goal

Use two long o words from above in sentences.
7. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
8. $\qquad$

| mother | try | always | firm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| father | love | supposed |  |

## Use words from the box to complete the sentences.

I. My mom is my $\qquad$ .
2. My dad is my $\qquad$ .
3. We $\qquad$ each other.
$\qquad$
4. We $\qquad$ help each other.
5. Mom and Dad $\qquad$ to be nice.
6. I am $\qquad$ to be good.
7. Sometimes they are

$\qquad$
with me.

As you read Olivia, fill in the Fantasy and Reality Chart.

| Reality | Fantasy |
| :---: | :---: |
| What Happens | Why It Could Not <br> Happen In Real Life |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

How does the Fantasy and Reality Chart help you better understand Olivia?

Reality is something that could really happen.
Fantasy is something that could not really happen.

## Circle the sentences that show reality. Then underline the sentences that are fantasy.

I. A pig puts on a dress.
2. A pig paints.
3. A pig sleeps.
4. A pig goes to school.

5. A pig has a pet cat.
6. A pig sits in the mud.
7. A pig reads a book.
8. A pig has a mother.

## As I read, I will pay attention to pauses for punctuation.

Mike's class was at the art gallery.
"Always stay together, class," said Mrs. West.
"We don't want anyone to get lost."
21 The children stopped in one room. There were

99 "Come on Mike. let's go."
IO4 "Wait until I tell you what happened," said Mike. II3

## Comprehension Check

I. Where did Mike and his class go?
2. What happened to Mike at the art gallery?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br>  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correct Score |  |  |  |  |  |$|$

## Practice

## Read the dictionary entries below.

middle halfway between two ends: We stood in the middle of the line.
mistake something thought or done incorrectly: I made one mistake on the spelling test. protects to keep away from harm: The mother hen protects her eggs.

## Use a word from the box to complete each sentence. You may use a word more than once.

I. Joan sat in the $\qquad$ of her two friends.
2. The mother cat $\qquad$ her babies.

## 3. Please draw a line down the <br> $\qquad$ the paper. <br> 4. If you make a <br> $\qquad$ try again.

 of

## Practice

Adding the letter $\mathbf{y}$ to the end of some words makes a new word. Notice that $\mathbf{y}$ stands for the long e sound.

$$
\text { snow }+\mathbf{y}=\text { snowy }
$$

## Circle the correct word. Then write it on the line.

soapyI. The washcloth is
$\qquad$ .
2. The campfire is $\qquad$ .
toast
toasty
waxy
3. The apple feels $\qquad$ .
waxfussy4. The baby is
$\qquad$ today. fusstrick
5. The jigsaw puzzle is

$\qquad$
tricky

## Captions tell readers more about a photograph or picture.

## Circle the caption that tells about the picture.


I. a snake a baby deer

3. my new bike

Big Buck Forest

5. our campsite
last day of school

2. Big Bass Lake the waterslide

4. the swimming pool the campfire

6. Dad's big catch! Sam's new dog

## Practice

## Write the answer to each question on the line.

I. Is this a boat or a bowl? $\qquad$

2. Is this toast or a toad? $\qquad$

3. Is this a rod or a road? $\qquad$

4. Is this a pipe or a pillow? $\qquad$
5. Is this a window or a wing? $\qquad$
6. Is this a note or a notch? $\qquad$

7. Is this go or a goal? $\qquad$
8. Is this a cot or a coat? $\qquad$


Say the words. Then listen to the long i sound. child fly high

Write the word that completes the sentence.
I. Meg's kite will $\qquad$ over the trees. try fly cry
2. Mike will $\qquad$ up his new truck.
3. We eat lunch together on a $\qquad$ hill.

might
high
fly

$\qquad$
--------------------------
4. Let's wave to that plane in the $\qquad$ .
my sky cry
5. The $\qquad$ can walk to his house. mild child cut

## Write the letter of the word from the box that completes each sentence.

a. head
b. never
c. should
d. ball
e. shout
f. laughter
g. meadow
h. Perhaps
I. The boys and girls $\qquad$ for the team.

2. The big kite was flying high over Kim's $\qquad$ .
$\qquad$
3. Ben is $\qquad$ late for the school bus.

4. There was a lot of $\qquad$ at the show.

5. We $\qquad$ get a new bat and $\qquad$ at the shop.

6. $\qquad$ we can ride together in the green today.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


As you read The Kite, fill in the Problem and Solution Chart.

## Somebody

## Wanted

## But

## So

How does the Problem and Solution Chart help you better understand The Kite?

## Practice

## Read the story about Will's problem and solution. Then answer the questions.

Will can't fly his new kite. He runs down the street with his kite. Still the kite can't fly high. Then Will takes his kite to Mike's house. The two friends try to pull the kite. But the kite just comes down again. Perhaps there is more wind on the high hill in the meadow. That is the best idea yet. Now Will's kite can fly in the wind.

I. What problem does Will have in the story?
2. What solution does Will try first?
3. What solution does Will try next?
4. How does the kite finally fly?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## As I read, I will pay attention to the dialogue.

|"That box is for me," Nick shouted. "I
8 can take it now." Gus went on his way. should try to pull it, too?"
But the box never moved. Nick was too little and the box was so big. "I can not do this myself. I need you, Sky," said Nick. "This needs a push and a pull." Nick and Sky worked together. Just then flakes of snow fell. Nick and Sky woke up. 99

## Comprehension Check

## I. Why can't Nick move the box?

2. How do Nick and Sky move the box?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

A verb is a word that shows action. When a verb has the ending -ed, the action happened in the past. The -ing ending means the action is happening now. You can pick out the word parts of a verb to figure out its meaning.

# Underline the word in each sentence that has a word ending. Circle the base word. Then write now if it is something that is happening now. Write past if it was something that happened in the past. 

I. I am playing with my best friend. $\qquad$
2. My cat climbed up the tree. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. Dad milked a cow. $\qquad$
4. I am packing for my trip. $\qquad$
5. We watched a good game. $\qquad$

To add -er or -est to words that end in e, drop the e and then add -er or -est.
cute $+\mathbf{e r}=$ cuter That pup is cuter than this one.
cute + est = cutest $\quad$ The cat is the cutest of all.

# Add -er or -est to each word. Then write the new 

 word in the sentence.I. His pet is $\qquad$ than the wild cat.

## tame


2. The tree in the meadow is the $\qquad$ .
large

## 3. My dad is the <br> $\qquad$ brave


4. The $\qquad$ late
5. Now my dog is $\qquad$ clean
bus should stop here.
 than your dog.

## Practice

Look at the diagram of a fire truck. Use the words from the box to complete the diagram. Write the words of the correct labels.


Say the words. Listen to the sounds.
long i
tight cry mild
short i
sit

## Circle the word that completes each sentence.

I. The $\qquad$ wanted to play in the ball game. chin child chill
2. Sam went home with his new pup $\qquad$ away. right ride rid

3. Perhaps we can $\qquad$ the kite in the meadow. fit flight fly
4. Max a very ripe grape.
bit bite by
5. The $\qquad$ cat likes to hide in the bush. win wild wind
6. The boys and girls can skate in the after school. right rid rink


Together the letters $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{r}$ stand for the sound you hear in car. Listen for the ar sound in the word.
car

## Read the sentence. Then write the word that completes the sentence.

$\qquad$
$\square$
I. We can play in the back ___ yarn
$\qquad$
----------------------
smart
2. The $\qquad$ is far away.
star
start
3. The $\qquad$ has many teeth.
shark
$\qquad$
farm
4. Wheat grows on a $\qquad$ barn

## cart

5. A $\qquad$ is a fish. carp
scar
6. Nana gave me a blue $\qquad$ . scarf

| question better children <br> machine or round |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Use a word from the box to complete each sentence.

Some $\qquad$ worked together to
make a $\qquad$ that could help.

## It was big and

 . It was a
## $\qquad$ <br> way to take things to school.

It could hold your backpack
your
lunch. The machine could also answer any


## As you read Kids' Inventions, fill in the Cause and Effect Chart.



How does the Cause and Effect Chart help you better understand Kids' Inventions?

The cause is why something happens.
The effect is what happens. cause
effect


Match the cause to the effect.
I. The dog had a bath.

2. The girl fell.

3. Bob stepped on the box.

4. The tire is flat.
5. Ben ran faster than the others.
6. It is raining.


Words with the same or almost the same meaning are synonyms. You can use a dictionary or a thesaurus to find synonyms. A thesaurus is a book that lists synonyms.
build to make something: Tim will build a house.
Synonyms: construct, make, create, form, and put together: Tim will construct a house.

## Circle the two synonyms in each row that could complete the sentence.

I. That inventor has a clever $\qquad$ .
 broken invention creation
2. The robot can $\qquad$ . speak
paper
talk

3. The robot won a $\qquad$ in the contest. prize box
award

## As I read, I will pay attention to questions in the passage.

5 Orville and Wilbur Wright were inventors.
II Their dream was to build a flying machine.
19 As children, they liked to find out how things worked. As grownups, they worked in a bike shop.
In 1900, the Wright brothers built a glider with two wings. Each wing was covered with cloth. They flew their glider like a kite.
After testing the glider, one brother got on the glider. Then he would glide in the air. The Wright brothers made and tested many 84 gliders. With each new discovery they made a 92 better glider. 94

## Comprehension Check

I. Describe the glider the Wright brothers built.
2. How did the brothers fly their glider?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br>  <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

A card catalog helps you find books in a library.


A: These numbers show where you can find the book in the library.
B: author's name
C: the title of the book
D: what the book is about

## Look at the computer screen. Then answer the questions.

I. What is the title? $\qquad$
2. What is the book about?
$\qquad$
--------------------------------------------------------------
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. Who is the author? $\qquad$
4. Where can you find this book in the library?

An abbreviation is a short form of writing a longer word.
Look at these abbreviations.
Mister $\rightarrow$ Mr. Saturday $\rightarrow$ Sat. $\quad$ Doctor $\rightarrow$ Dr.

Write the abbreviations for each word.
I. Doctor $\qquad$
2. Saturday $\qquad$

3. Mister $\qquad$

## Read each sentence. Then circle the word that matches each abbreviation.

4. I will make a cake on Sat.
September
Saturday
Sunday
5. Dr. Shin helps me when I'm sick.

Doctor Saturday Mister
6. We sent mail to Mr. Lee.

Doctor
Saturday
Mister

## Practice

Circle the answer to each question.
I. Does a shark have a tail?
yes no

2. Does a car go on a rail? yes no
3. Can a star rain?
yes no
4. Does a man have an arm? yes no
5. Can a farm have a gate? yes no
6. Can a scarf bark? yes no
7. Is a rake sharp? yes no
8. Does a park have a tail? yes no

Then circle the words with the ar sound as in far. Write the words below.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

The letters or stand for the middle sound in horse.

## Circle the word that completes the sentence. Then write the word on the line.

I. The $\qquad$ is in the barn.
porch horse fort
2. The $\qquad$ is sharp. storm stork thorn

$\qquad$
$\qquad$


Use a word from the box to complete each sentence.

| early <br> nothing | along <br> thought | suddenly <br> instead | errand |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\qquad$
I. We woke up $\qquad$ this morning.

## 2. We did an

$\qquad$ for Mom.
3. There was $\qquad$ in the rice jar.
$\qquad$
4. Mr. Ford $\qquad$ he had some.
5. We gave him three roses
$\qquad$
6. $\qquad$ it started to rain.
$\qquad$ .

## As you read Whistle for Willie, fill in the Inference Chart.

| Text Clues | What You <br> Know | Inferences |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

How does the Inference Chart help you better understand Whistle for Willie?

## Look at the picture. Then underline the sentence that is true.

I.

2.

3.


I can play a game.
I can help Dad.
I can read a good book.
4.

5.


The water is fun.
The water is not deep.
The water is too cold.

I don't like to help.
I can help Mom make pancakes.
I don't know how to make pancakes.

## As I read, I will pay attention to the punctuation.

Early one day, Jill tried to tie her shoelaces.
But she could not tie them.
15

80 Jill sat down and tried again. 86

## Comprehension Check

I. What is Jill trying to do?
2. What animals does Molly tell Jill to pretend her shoelaces are?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

## Practice

A base word is the word that is left when you remove the -ed or -ing ending. You can use the base word to figure out the meaning of a word.
The teacher is forming the clay.
The base word is form.
form to give shape to something

Write the base word.
I. moved moving
2. listening listened
3. crashed crashing
4. whistled whistling
5. baked
baking

# If a verb ends in a consonant $+\mathbf{y}$, change the $\mathbf{y}$ to i before adding ed. cry $+\mathrm{ed}=$ cried 

## Write the word that completes each sentence.

I. The baby $\qquad$ .
cried cryed

2. Han $\qquad$ his hands. dryed dried

3. Mom $\qquad$
pried pryed

$\qquad$
4. Kelly $\qquad$ the big bike. tried tryed
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

A graph can show how many of something.

Read the bar graph. Then answer the questions.

I. How many days were sunny? $\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. How many days were cloudy? $\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. How many days were rainy? $\qquad$
4. How many more days had sun than had rain? $\qquad$

The letters or stand for the middle sound in born.
The letters ar stand for the middle sound in barn.

## Circle the word that completes each sentence. Then write the word on the line.

I. Grandpa and I are on the $\qquad$ .

2. It is $\qquad$ .
porch part parch
$\qquad$

2. It is
dorm fork dark
3. We see many $\qquad$ .

stores stars cars
4. They are bright but $\qquad$

for farm far
5. Grandpa shows me the $\qquad$ star. barn north short

## Practice

The letters er, ir, and ur stand for the same sound. clerk bird turn

## Circle the word that names the picture. Then write the word on the line.

I.

girl gull cot curl $\qquad$
2.

fun fern $\qquad$
3.

hid
her
squirt
squint
6.


Read the clues. Use words from the box to fill in the puzzle.

| animals | beautiful | crowded | from |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| part | places | tiny |  |



## Across

3. too many

## Down

4. pig, hen, seal
5. You can visit these.
6. not big
I. to Jake,___ Dad
7. The roses look $\qquad$ .
8. not all

## Practice

As you read A Fruit is a Suitcase for Seeds, fill in the Classify and Categorize Chart

| Classify and Categorize |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| One Seed | Many Seeds |
|  |  |
|  |  |

How does the Classify and Categorize Chart help you better understand A Fruit is a Suitcase for Seeds?

## Cross out the word that does not belong in each group.

I. seed house leaf plant
2. wind rain sun cat
3. tree rock grass rose
4. sleep jump run walk
5. speak sing yell fly
6. school house road shop
7. dog bike cat bird
8. bad nice fine good

## Think of two more groups of three words that belong together. Write them on the line.

$\qquad$
9. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
10. $\qquad$

## As I read, I will pay attention to patterns in the story.

1. First find a place that gets at least six hours of sun.
2. Next dig holes for the little plants. Put the holes 12 inches apart. They should not be crowded together.
3. Put the plants in the holes. Press the soil around each plant. Make sure the soil covers the tops of the roots.
4. Next water the plants.
5. Pick the strawberries when they are ripe.

Animals like strawberries. As your plants grow, you will need to watch for animals. Birds, turtles, and bugs eat strawberry plants. 90

## Comprehension Check

I. Is it easy or hard to grow strawberries?
2. What do strawberries need to grow?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br>  <br>  | $=$ | Wrrors |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Correct Score |  |  |  |  |  |$|$

Context clues are words that help you figure out the meaning of a new word. Context clues may be found in the same sentence or in nearby sentences.

## Use context clues to figure out the meaning of the underlined word. Fill in the correct circle.

I. The man displays the fruit. He wants to set the melon on the shelf.

O throws away


O shows or sets out
2. Jordan likes to go places. He enjoys taking the bus to the fruit stand.

Olikes


O twists
3. Jordan's mom likes to relax at the park. She likes to sit and read.

O finish quickly


Orest

A prefix is a word part you can add to the beginning of a base word to change the meaning of the word.
The prefix re- means again: re + pack = repack.
The prefix un- means not or the opposite:
un + pack = unpack.
Write the meaning of each of the following words:
I. reuse $\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. refill $\qquad$
3. unhappy $\qquad$
4. unsafe $\qquad$
$\qquad$
-------------------------
5. remake $\qquad$
6. untrue $\qquad$

## Some poems have a rhyming pattern.

In some poems, the second line of a verse rhymes with the fourth line.

## A. Circle the two rhyming words in each poem.

The sun is out.
What a fine day!
Will you come out with me
And play?

You want to play ball,
But what I'd like
Is to ride round and round
On my brand new bike.

I saw a seed
Fall to the ground.
It never made A sound.

I look up at
The sky at night,
And watch the stars
That shine so bright.

## B. Think of more rhyming pairs. Write the pairs below.

$\qquad$

1. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. 

## Practice

# Write the letters $\underline{\text { ar, or, }} \underline{\text { er, }}$ ur, or $\underline{i r}$ to finish each picture name. Then color the pictures that have the same vowel sound as in girl. 


3.

4.

sk $\qquad$ $\dagger$
f $\qquad$ n
5.

6.


C $\qquad$ n
S C $\qquad$

## Write the word from the box that has the same meaning.

$\qquad$
I. boys and girls $\qquad$
2. very little $\qquad$
3. dad $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\square$
4. yell $\qquad$
5. just then $\qquad$
6. too many people $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
7. not all
8. sheep, dog, pig

Use a word from the box to complete each sentence.
errand better try early laughter never
I. Today Mark feels $\qquad$
2. We should $\qquad$ to plant corn.
3. After the joke, Dora heard $\qquad$ .
4. You should $\qquad$ shout in the car.
5. Go to the store to do an $\qquad$ .
6. I get up $\qquad$ in the morning. Write a sentence for the word round.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Use words from the box to complete the sentences.

| cow | mouse | crown | clown |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| out | round | shout |  |

I. The king had a gold $\qquad$ on his head.
2. The ball was red and $\qquad$ .
3. We can't go $\qquad$ to play if it is raining.
4. The brown $\qquad$ lives on a farm.
5. "Don't $\qquad$ at me," yelled Ben.
6. The cat ran after the little $\qquad$ .
7. The funny had a red nose and big feet.


## Circle the word that completes each sentence. Then write the word on the line.

I. Where has the cat $\qquad$ ?
done gone
2. The girls have $\qquad$ best friends for years.
been are
3. Let's keep $\qquad$ for the missing dog. sending searching
4. We must look for $\qquad$

close clues
5. I can't see it. It must be $\qquad$
6. "The keys are in my said Mom.
over other purse,"

As you read Dot and Jabber and the Big Bug Mystery, fill in the Illustrations Chart.

## Use Illustrations

| Use Illustrations |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Illustration | What It Shows |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

How does the Illustrations Chart help you better understand Dot and Jabber and the Big Bug Mystery?

## Read each description. Then follow the directions.

I. Birds have beaks. Birds gather food with their beaks. Beaks can be different colors. Draw a beak on the bird.
2. Fish have fins. Fins help a fish swim. This fish has a blue tail fin. Draw the tail fin on the fish.

3. Cats have four legs, a tail, and soft fur. They also have whiskers. Cats use their whiskers to sense things. Draw the whiskers on the cat.
4. Spiders spin webs. They trap food in their webs. Spiders have 2 body parts and 8 legs. Draw the legs on the spider.
5. Ants dig tunnels underground. They have 6 legs and 3 body parts. They also have 2 antennae, or feelers, on their heads. Draw the antennae on the ant.


## As I read, I will pay attention to the exclamation points.

92 black and white spots." 96

## Comprehension Check

I. What kind of butterfly are Amy and her friend hoping to find?
2. Does the butterfly have bands or spots?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

pretends plays or makes-believe: Danny pretends he is an astronaut.
vanished disappeared: The sun vanished when the clouds came out.
observes sees or notices: A scientist observes things under a microscope.
inspecting looking at carefully: Mom is inspecting the house for dust.

Use a word from above to complete each sentence.
I. Kate thinks Matt $\qquad$ from the room!
2. She is $\qquad$ the room for clues.
$\qquad$
3. He hides behind the toy box and to be invisible.
4. Kate $\qquad$ many clues.
She solves the mystery of the missing brother!


A syllable is a part of a word.

# Put the two syllables together. Write the word on the line. Then match the word to the picture it names. 

I. kit ten $\qquad$

2. mag net $\qquad$

3. bas ket $\qquad$

$\qquad$
4. ham mer $\qquad$


## Divide each word into two syllables. Then write

 each syllable.rabbit
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\square$

A head tells what information is in a section of an article or story.

## Read the article about spiders.

Spiders



A spider is a small animal. A spider can be black, red, brown, or even yellow.

The Body of a Spider
A spider has 2 body parts. It also has 8 legs. An insect has only 6 legs.

The Home of a Spider
A spider lives in a web. It spins a sticky web. When a bug flies into the web, it gets stuck. Then the spider eats it.

## Answer the questions about the article.

I. Circle the two heads that tell what information is in the sections.
2. Write one fact from each section.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

# Circle the word that names each picture. Then write the word. 


3.

5.

stir star
$\qquad$
---------------------
$\qquad$
2.

mouse most
4.

6.

bone boat
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
8.

crowd crown
$\qquad$
--------------------
$\qquad$

## Use words from the box to name the pictures.

| book | cook | look | foot |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| woof | wool | hook | hood |

I.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

2.

4. $\qquad$

5.

6.

8.


# Use a word from the box to complete each sentence. Then look in the sentences for other words from the box. Circle them. 

| birds | Earth | table | bear |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| fooling | guess | helmet | space |

I. They can see Earth from outer
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ .

2. Her book and bike are on the table.

3. He read a story about tiny birds and
a huge $\qquad$ .

4. I guess they just like
$\qquad$


As you read Blue Jay Finds a Way, fill in the Predictions Chart.

| What I Predict | What Happens |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

In a prediction you tell what you think will happen next.

## Read each story. Then complete the sentence to tell what could happen next.

I. The ship takes off. It is flying to the moon. It will

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ .
2. The car is not clean. Mom drives to the car wash. The car will

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ .
3. It is a windy day. We have kites. We will

4. Dad brings home a bag full of food. He cooks the food. We will


## As I read, I will pay attention to pauses for sentence punctuation.

Bird and Bear sat at the lake.

81 "You can't fly to the moon," said Bear.
89 "It's too far away in space." 95

## Comprehension Check

I. How will Bear fly to the moon?
2. How will Bird fly to the moon?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of Errors | = | Words Correct Score |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | = |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | = |  |

Context clues are words that help you figure out the meaning of a new word. Context clues may be found in the same sentence or in nearby sentences.

## Fill in the circle next to the correct meaning of the bold word. Use the underlined context clues to figure out the meaning of each word.

I. The girls are giggling and fooling around on the stage.
O acting silly Ocleaning
2. They are in a show about stars and
 planets in space.
O the beach
O a place where astronauts travel
3. The big helmet hides most of Seta's face.

Oboots
O something that protects a person's head
4. Maria fell down. Her moon rocks tumbled off the stage.
O dropped
Odug
5. "These space boots make it hard to feel the earth under my feet," said Seta.
O cold water
O ground; also the planet where we live

# Read the underlined words. Then write a word with -ful or -less that means the same. 

I. They laughed and danced and sang.

They were full of joy.
2. The boy didn't think he would win. He was without hope.
3. She took a lot of care when she packed the dishes.
4. The lonely man did not know anyone. He was without a friend.

Pick a word with -ful and a word with -less. Then write a sentence for each word.
5. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
6. $\qquad$

The question and answer format uses the words question and answer to show who is speaking.


Question: How does it feel? Answer: It feels like flying!

## Who is speaking?

## Draw a line from the sentence to show who is speaking.

I.


Question: Is it raining out?
2.


Question: What did you find? Answer: I found a chest!

## Use two words from the box to complete each sentence.



The letters $\mathbf{0 0}$ can stand for the middle sound in moon.

Q

## Read the word and circle the picture for it.

I. noon

2. zoo
3. school

4. spoon

5. groom


## Practice

## Use the words in the box to complete each sentence.

only laugh goes ever ordinary interesting
I. People like to $\qquad$

$\qquad$
2. It eats $\qquad$ the leaf.

3. She $\qquad$ in.

4. This bird is $\qquad$

5. This bird is more
$\qquad$
6. Do you $\qquad$ work outside?

## As you read Cool Jobs, fill in the Classify and Catagorize Chart.

$\square$
How does the Classify and Catagorize Chart help you better understand Cool Jobs?

## Practice

## Sort the words into two groups.

| cow | girls | children | bear | men |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| boys | frog | mother | snake | bird |

## People

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Practice

Words with opposite meanings are antonyms.
You can use a thesaurus to find an antonym.
Antonyms are listed after the synonyms.
loud noisy, roaring Antonym: quiet
small little, tiny Antonym: big

## Write a sentence for each set of antonyms.

I. break fix
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. sweet
sour
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. many
few
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
clean

## As I read, I will pay attention to pauses for sentence punctuation.

Some pilots fly sightseeing planes.
5 Sightseeing planes fly low to the ground.
I2 That way the people on the plane can see all
22 the sights.
24 Some pilots fly helicopters. A helicopter is
31
37
44 They also can turn the helicopter in a circle
53 and stay still in the air.
59 There are places where only helicopters
65 can fly. They are places where ordinary
72 planes cannot go. 75

## Comprehension Check

I. Why do sightseeing planes fly low to the ground?
2. In what directions do helicopter pilots have to fly?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

You can use the Internet to find out about a topic. Put important or key words in the search box. Then hit GO and a list of links will pop up.
BACK
FORUARD
STOP

REFRESH
HOME PRINT

## SEARCH

GO
beekeeper

Results: Beekeeping: The Beekeeper s Home Page
Beekeeper s Web Links
Beekeeper

## Write the key words you would type in the search box to look up the following:

## I. You want to know more about the moon.

2. You want to find out about
$\qquad$

## places to see in New York.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## 3. You want to know more about <br> the animal you like best.

$\qquad$
4. You want to find out about a job you would like.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Change or add one letter to each word to make a new word. Use the pictures to help.


[^5]
# Complete each sentence with a word from the box. Then underline any words that have ou, ow, or oo. 

foot round stoop cow brook root
I. An animal that says "moo" is a $\qquad$ .
2. When you bend down, you $\qquad$ .
3. A boot goes on your $\qquad$ .
4. A scoop of ice cream is $\qquad$ .
5. The underground part of a plant is a $\qquad$ .
6. A small stream is a $\qquad$ .

## Practice

Read the words. What vowel sound do you hear? The letters au and aw stand for the vowel sound in Paul and paw.


## Circle the word that answers each riddle.

I. I am a large bird.

What am I? hawk haul

2. I grabbed with my claw.

## What did I do? <br> call <br> caught


3. This is the start of the day. What is it? dorm dawn

4. I like to do this in art class.

What is it? draw drink

5. A bird cant use this to make a nest.
What is it?
stand
straw

## Choose a word from the box to finish each sentence. Then write the word on the line.

wild learn enough across air cub eyes
I. The tiger $\qquad$ has a sister.
2. Soon the cubs will be old $\qquad$ to hunt

3. They will $\qquad$ from their mother.
4. They like the night $\qquad$ .
5. Their $\qquad$ see well at night.

[^6]As you read A Tiger Cub Grows Up, fill in the Compare and Contrast Chart.

## Compare and Contrast

| Cub | Grown-up |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

How does the Compare and Contrast Chart help you better understand A Tiger Cub Grows Up?

## Practice

When you compare, you tell how two or more things are alike. When you contrast, you tell how things differ.

If something tells about "The Tiger," write it in that list. If something tells about "A Tiger Cub Grows Up," write it under that list. It is okay to write something under both.
lives in an animal park
has stripes
poem
real story
speeds in the forest
lives in the wild drinks milk

## "The Tiger" by Douglas Florian

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

1. $\qquad$ 2. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\square$
2. $\qquad$ 4.
"A Tiger Cub Grows Up" by Joan Hewitt
$\qquad$
3. 
4. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
5. $\qquad$ 8.

## As I read, I will pay attention to pausing for sentence punctuation.

## Comprehension Check

I. What is a baby horse called?
2. When does a foal stand up?

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

## Practice

# An inflected verb is a verb with an ending. When you remove the -ing or -ed ending you are left with the base word. <br> inflected verb base word <br> splashing <br> splashed <br> splash <br> splash 

# Write the ending. Then write the base word. The first one is done for you. 

I. opened
$\qquad$ open
2. chewing $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. pointed
4. crawling $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ $-----------------$
5. roaring $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
6. talked

The letters au and aw stand for the vowel sound in Paul and saw.


Use the words in the box to complete the sentences.
saw jaw caught lawn taught
2. Tawny $\qquad$ the ball.

3. Paul $\qquad$ Tawny to get the ball.

4. Tawny $\qquad$ the ball.
$\qquad$ .
5. She grabs it in her



# Poets often use words in funny and interesting ways. The sounds of words can help express their meaning. 

## Read the poem. Find the fun words in each verse. Then write the words on the lines.

## BOW-WOW

Bow-wow says the dog, Mew, mew says the cat, Grunt, grunt goes the hog, And squeak goes the rat.
Whoo-oo says the owl, Caw, caw says the crow, Quack, quack says the duck, And what cuckoos say, you know.

A fine song I have made, To please you, my dear; And if it's well-sung, 'Twill be charming to hear.

## Practice

# The letters au and aw stand for the vowel sound in haul and paw. 

The letters $\mathbf{0 0}$ can stand for the vowel sound in look.
The letters $\mathbf{0 0}$ can stand for the vowel sound in food.

## Circle the word that names the picture. Then write the word.


$\qquad$
$\qquad$

--------------------
$\qquad$

5.
6.

$\qquad$

Read the words. The letters oy and oi stand for the vowel sounds in boy and boil.

## boy boil

## Read each sentence. Then complete the word by adding oi or oy.

I. The little child cried with j $\qquad$ at the sight
 of the playful pups.

2. We will need more s $\qquad$ I for the new plants.

3. The little $b$ $\qquad$ laughed and ran toward his father.
4. Jen's new $\dagger$ $\qquad$ toppled off the table and broke.
5. Mom has to put $\qquad$ I in her car.

6. The water for our tea will $b$ $\qquad$ I soon.


## Write words from the box to complete the story.

| grew | leave | toward | welcoming |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| circle | toppled | wreck |  |

I. The children for their class.

2. Mike and Jen put some seeds in a
$\qquad$ .
3. One tall plant $\qquad$ over.

4. Will the plant their beautiful garden?

5. Let's turn all the plants the sun now.
6. We will $\qquad$ the plants in the bright sunshine all week.


## As you read Sand Castle, fill in the Cause and Effect Chart.



How does the Cause and Effect Chart help you better understand Sand Castle?

## Practice

## The cause tells why something happened. The effect tells what happened.

## Look at the picture. Read the sentences. Underline the effect. Then circle the cause.

I. It is raining.

The rain will wash away the sand castle.

2. The sun will melt the snowman.

The sun is shining brightly.

3. The girl will fix the tire.

The bike tire is flat.

4. The dog rolled around in a muddy puddle.

The boy will wash his dog.

## As I read, I will pay attention to patterns in the story.

Meena looked out at the birds that had
come to her backyard.
I2 "Look at how great they are," Meena said.
20 "I want them to stay and not fly away."
29 "Well, we can make a birdhouse," Mama
said. "It would be welcoming and then the birds might not leave."
"That's a great idea," said Meena. "Let's make it this afternoon."
Meena called her friends Wendy and Mark to help. Soon Wendy and Mark came over. Wendy took out paper and paints. Mark took out wood and glue. And Meena put out 90 foil stickers. 92

## Comprehension Check

I. Why does Meena want to build a birdhouse?
2. Do you think Meena, Wendy, and Mark are good

|  | Words Read | - | Number of <br> Errors | $=$ | Words <br> Correct Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |
| Second Read |  | - |  | $=$ |  |

Use the underlined context clues to figure out the meaning of the word in bold letters. Then match the word to its meaning. Write the correct letter on the line.
a. moved round and round
b. came back
c. tapped gently
d. to keep safe
e. a bridge that can be raised and lowered

I. The royal family returned home from a trip to the countryside.
2. The king, queen, and prince crossed over the drawbridge toward the castle.
3. The happy queen kissed the prince and patted him on the head.
4. Water from the river swirled in the moat. $\qquad$
5. The moat and the drawbridge protect the castle from strangers.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

# Write a word from the box to complete each sentence. Then underline the letters in each word that stand for the vowel sound. 

toys soil coins boy broil
I. Jill got $\qquad$ on her jeans.

2. Lee saved many $\qquad$ in his bank.

3. The little $\qquad$ wanted to play on the slide.

4. We will $\qquad$ our food for dinner tonight.

5. The children looked at the in the store.


Captions tell you facts about a photo or picture.

Read the captions. Then answer the questions.
On May 28, Paul and Mom paint his bedroom.

$\qquad$
I. Who is in the picture? $\qquad$
2. What are they doing?
3. What is the date? $\qquad$
On June IO, Pam and
Joy make a sand castle
at the beach.

4. Who are the children? $\qquad$
5. What are the children doing? $\qquad$
6. What is the date? $\qquad$

Read the words.
The letters oi and oy stand for the sounds in soil toy

## Blend the sounds and say the word. Write the word.

Draw a line to the picture that it describes.

I. b oi

$\qquad$

2. $b$
oy $\qquad$

$\qquad$
3. $\dagger$ oy $\qquad$


## Practice

Review:

Write the words from the box in the correct list.
bear birds space cub Earth

## Animals

## Places

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Use each word in a sentence.
across circle air
$\qquad$

## Circle the words that tell about the pictures.

I.

invisible bear wild bear
3.

only two eyes only two mouths
5.

toppled toward the boy toppled toward the point
2.

interesting laugh interesting book
4.

has been searching has been welcoming
6.

leave enough room
grew enough


[^0]:    © Macmillan/McGraw-Hill

[^1]:    II! H-MD.פOW/UDI!!шodw ©

[^2]:    © Macmillan/McGraw-Hill

[^3]:    4. A
[^4]:    ## How does the Inference Chart help you better understand Meet Ben Franklin?

[^5]:    © Macmillan/McGraw-Hill

[^6]:    6. The cubs play, too. They swim the stream.
